

CHEMISTRY CLASS 12 BATCH

SOLUTIONS

DPP-01

- Which of the following is not a binary solution?
(A) Pure Water + Sugar
(B) Air
(C) Mixture of benzene and toluene
(D) Mixture of ethanol and methanol
- If sea water is assumed to contain 40g of salt per 200g of sea water then percentage by mass of salt present is
(A) 15 % (B) 40 %
(C) 20 % (D) 10 %
- If 2 moles of CaCO_3 is dissolved in 900g of water then percentage by mass of solution formed is
(A) 36.36 % (B) 9.9 %
(C) 18.18 % (D) 11.75 %
- 0.5 moles of benzene was dissolved in 2 moles of toluene. Find mass % of benzene in the solution formed
(A) 25.48 % (B) 9.52 %
(C) 15.92 % (D) 17.48 %
- 60 ml of liquid A is mixed with another liquid B and the solution was made upto 300 ml. Find volume % of liquid B in the solution formed
(A) 40% (B) 60%
(C) 20% (D) 80%
- How much solute should be dissolved in 20 ml of solution so that mass by volume % of solute is 30?
(A) 6g (B) 4g
(C) 8g (D) 10g
- Calculate the mass of cane sugar required to prepare 250 g of 25% cane sugar solution with water.
(A) 6.25 g (B) 187.5 g
(C) 18.75 g (D) 62.5 g
- Find mass by mass % of a solution of 20 ml volume having solute of mass 4g.
(density of solution = 1.4 g/ml)
- What is the concentration of mercury in ppm if 3g mercury is found in 15kg sample of ocean water?
(A) 300 (B) 400
(C) 500 (D) 200
- A tank contains 5 moles of oxygen, 2 moles of nitrogen and 20g of hydrogen at room temperature. Find the mole fraction of hydrogen.
(A) 5/17 (B) 2/15
(C) 8/15 (D) 10/17
- An aqueous solution of ethanol contains 23g of ethanol dissolved in 90g of water. Find mole fraction of ethanol in the solution.
(A) 3/4 (B) 3/5
(C) 2/7 (D) 1/11
- Find molarity of a sample of pure water. Consider density = 1 g/ml.
(A) 27.7 (B) 33.3
(C) 55.5 (D) 11.1
- A solution contains 50g of CaCO_3 dissolved in 3 liters of water. Find the molarity of the solution formed.
(A) 1/2 (B) 1/3
(C) 1/6 (D) 1/4
- What is the molality of a solution containing 2 moles of a solute dissolved in 500g of a solvent?
(A) 3 (B) 2
(C) 1 (D) 4
- An aqueous solution of glucose is prepared by dissolving 45 g of glucose in 1 liter of water. Find molality of solution formed.
(A) 1/4 (B) 3/5
(C) 1/3 (D) 2/3